IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims to read as follows:

Listing of Claims

1. (Original) A method of HARQ process configuration involving packet combining in a mobile communication system, wherein a plurality of HARQ processes are established in a transmitter and a receiver comprising the steps of:

configuring a plurality of HARQ processes of unrestricted use for data flows having different QoS requirements and

pre-configuring at least one reserved HARQ process for data flows of specific QoS requirements.

2. (Original) A method of HARQ process configuration in a mobile communication system, wherein a plurality of HARQ processes are established in a transmitter and a receiver comprising the steps of:

configuring a minimum number of HARQ processes according to a system parameter and

pre-configuring at least one additional HARQ process for specific data flows of high priority.

3. (Original) The method according to claim 1 or 2 comprising the additional steps of:

scheduling a plurality of data flows from at least one priority queue and emptying the priority queue to one or a plurality of configured HARQ processes for transmission.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1-3 1 or 2, wherein the reserved and/or additional HARQ process has a limited functionality compared with a plurality of HARQ processes.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1-4

 1 or 2, wherein the reserved and/or additional HARQ process supports a

 maximum possible/lower modulation coding scheme (MCS) level compared

 with the plurality of HARQ processes.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1-5

 1 or 2, wherein the reserved and/or additional HARQ process supports a
 maximum possible/lower transport format resource combination (TFRC)

 compared with the plurality of HARQ processes.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1-6

 1 or 2, wherein the reserved and/or additional HARQ process supports

 Chase Combining or Incremental Redundancy according to available

 memory in the soft buffer.

- 8. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1-7

 1 or 2, wherein for the reserved and/or additional HARQ process, a

 smaller soft buffer size is reserved at the receiver compared with
 that reserved for one of a plurality of HARQ processes.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1—8

 1 or 2, wherein the transmitter signals to the receiver to use a separate re-ordering buffer for the reserved and/or additional HARQ process.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims $\frac{1-9}{1 9}$ wherein an HARQ process identification is signalled to the receiver.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1-10 1 or 2, wherein the number of HARQ processes and/or functionality of additional processes are matched to the round trip delay (RTD) caused by transmission time and processing time at the receiver and the transmitter.
- 12. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the number of configured HARQ processes varies dynamically in accordance with a system parameter.
 - 13. (Original) The method according to claim 2 or 12, wherein the

system parameter is one of round trip time, processing time, traffic burstiness, quality of service, modulation coding scheme, timing of shared channels and minimum transmission time interval.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims 1-13 1 or 2, wherein an HARQ process configuration is signalled from the transmitter to the receiver by HARQ protocol control packet.
- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 14, wherein an HARQ protocol control packet is identified by inband signalling.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method according to one of claims claim 14 or 15, wherein control information may be signalled explicitly or implicitly.
- 17. (New) The method according to claim 15, wherein control information may be signaled explicitly or implicitly.